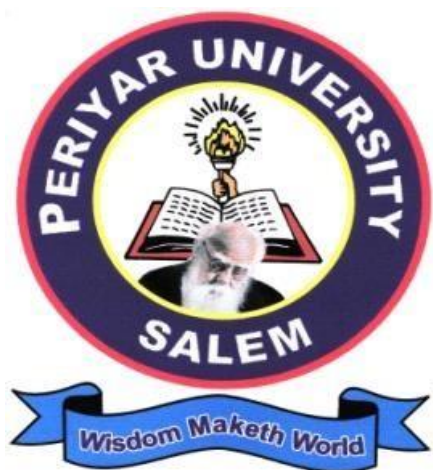


PERIYAR UNIVERSITY

PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR

SALEM - 11



**DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)
SYLLABUS FOR B.SC. GEOGRAPHY
FOR THE STUDENTS ADMITTED FROM THE
ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022 ONWARDS**

BOARD OF STUDIES

- | | | |
|----|--|---------------------|
| 1. | Dr. P. Thangavelu
Assistant Professor and Head
Department of Geography
A.A.Govt. Arts College
Namakkal – 2 | Chairman |
| 2. | Dr. A. Raja
Associate Professor and Head
Department of Geography
Govt. Arts College (Auto)
Salem – 7 | Member |
| 3. | Mrs. S. Bharathi
Assistant Professor
Department of Geography
J.K.K Nataraja College of Arts Science
Komarapalayam – 638183, Namakkal (Dt) | Member |
| 4. | Dr. R. Vasanthi
Assistant Professor & Head
Department of Geography
Sri Vijaya Vidyalaya College of Arts Sciencs,
Nallampalli, Dharmapuri – 636807 | Member |
| 5. | Dr. R. Jegankumar
Associate Professor and Head
Department of Geography
Bharathidasan University
Tiruchirappalli – 620024 | University Nominee |
| 6. | Dr. R. Jaganathan
Professor and Head
Department of Geography,
University of Madras,
Chepauk, Chennai - 5 | Member External |
| 7. | Thiru. M. Panneer Selvam
Assistant Professor and Head
Department of Geography
Govt. Arts College (Auto)
Coimbatore – 641018 | Member External |
| 8. | Dr. P. Thangaraju
Geo Exploration and Mining Solution
(GEMS), 17, Advaita Ashram Road
Fairlands, Salem – 636004 | Industrial Personal |
| 9. | Dr. M. Vijaya Prabhu
UGC Post Doctoral Fellow
1/133, Ayampali Kattu Valavu,
Sivasakthi Nagar, Pachanampatti (PO)
Omalur (Tk), Salem (Dt) – 636455 | Alumni |

REGULATIONS

1. CONDITION FOR ADMISSION

A candidate who has passed Higher Secondary Examination in academic or vocational stream with any subject under higher secondary board of examination, Tamil Nadu or an examination accepted as Equivalent there to by the syndicate subject to such conditions as may be prescribed thereto are permitted to appear and qualify for the B.Sc. degree examination of this university after a course of study of three academic years.

2. DURATION OF THE COURSE

The course for the degree of Bachelor of Science shall consist of three academic years divided into six semesters. Each semester consists of 90 working days. Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of even semesters.

3. FEATURES OF CBCS

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), a set of papers consisting of core papers, Elective papers, Skill based elective papers and Non-Major elective papers are offered. Beside the core Papers, which are totally related to the major subject, the students have the advantage of studying supportive papers and non-major papers. This provides enough opportunity to the students to learn not only the major subject but also inter disciplinary and application oriented subjects.

4. CREDITS

In CBCS, each paper is assigned with a certain number of credits depending upon the workload of the students. The total credits to be earned by a student to qualify for the degree is 140. The credit of the paper is fixed by giving due weightage to the syllabus content and contact hours per week.

5. PASSING MINIMUM

THEORY

University Examination (EA)	Internal Assessment (CIA)
75 Marks	25 Marks

Classification of Internal Assessment Structure

	Marks
Tests	: 15 Marks
Assignment	: 05 Marks
Attendance	: 05 Marks
Total Marks	: 25 Marks

Passing Minimum (CIA) 40%	: 10 Marks
Passing Minimum (EA) 40%	: 30 Marks
Total Passing Minimum	: 40 Marks

PRACTICAL

University Examination (EA)	Internal Assessment (CIA)
60 Marks	40 Marks

Classification of Internal Assessment Structure

	Marks
Submission	: 10 Marks
Test	: 10 Marks
Attendance	: 10 Marks
Continuous Assessment in Practical Class	: 10 Marks
Total Marks	: 40 Marks
Passing Minimum (CIA) 40%	: 16 Marks
Passing Minimum (EA) 40%	: 24 Marks
Attendance	: 05 Marks
Total Passing Minimum	: 40 Marks

For the theory paper, the candidates shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she secures not less than 30 marks out of 75 marks in the University examination in each theory paper and 10 marks out of 25 marks in the Internal Assessment and in total not less than 40 marks.

For the practical paper, the candidates should get 24 marks (including the marks of record notebook) out of 60 marks in the University examination, 16 marks out of 40 marks in the Internal Assessment and in total not less than 40 marks to get passed the examination. There is no passing minimum for the record notebook. However submission of a record notebook is essential.

6. CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Candidates who secure not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the whole Examination shall be declared to have passed the examination First class.

All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed in the Second class.

Candidates who obtain 75% of the marks in the aggregate shall be deemed to have passed the examination in First Class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance.

Other successful candidates who secure below 50% shall be declared to have passed the examination in Third class.

7. MAXIMUM DURATION FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE UG PROGRAMME

The maximum duration for completion of the UG Programme shall not exceed twelve semesters.

8. COMMENCEMENT OF THIS REGULATION

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2021-2022, i.e., for students who are to be admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2021-2022 and thereafter.

9. TRANSITORY PROVISION

Candidates who were admitted to the UG course of study before 2021-2022 shall be permitted to appear for the examinations under those regulations for a period of three years i.e., up to and inclusive of the examination of April/May 2025. Thereafter, they will be permitted to appear for the examination only under the regulations then in force.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

The scheme of examination for different semesters shall be as follows:

Course Structure under OBE (Semester-wise Details)

Branch I Geography

(For the students admitted from the Academic year 2021-2022 onwards)

Part	Paper Code	Course	Title of the Paper	Hours	Credit
SEMESTER - I					
I		Language	Tamil – I	5	3
II		Language	English – I	5	3
III		Core Theory – I	Climatology	4	4
		Allied I: Theory – I	Statistics – I	4	4
		Allied Practical – I	Statistics Practical*	3	-
		Core Practical – I	Major Practical – I* Representation of Relief and Climatic Data	3	-
IV		Add-on Course	Professional English	4	4
		Common	Value Education (Yoga)	2	2
NO. OF COURSES - 6			TOTAL	30	20
* Examination at the End of Second Semester					
SEMESTER - II					
I		Language	Tamil – II	5	3
II		Language	English – II	4	3
II		Language	Language Proficiency for Employability	2	2
III		Core Theory – II	Oceanography	4	4
		Allied I: Theory – II	Statistics –II	4	4
		Allied Practical – I	Statistics Practical	3	3
		Core Practical – I	Major Practical – I - Representation of Relief and Climatic Data	3	3
IV		Add-on Course	Professional English	4	4
		Common	Environmental Studies	2	-
NO. OF COURSES – 9			TOTAL	31	26
SEMESTER - III					
I		Language	Tamil – III	6	3
II		Language	English – III	6	3
III		Core Theory – III	Geomorphology	4	5
		Allied II: Theory – I	Botany - I	4	4
		Allied Practical – I	Botany Practical*	3	-
		Core Practical – II	Major Practical – II* Map Interpretation and Socio-Economic Data Representation	3	-
IV		SBEC - I	Fundamentals of Physical Geography	2	3
	NMEC - I			2	2
NO. OF COURSES - 8			TOTAL	30	20
* Examination at the End of Fourth Semester					
SEMESTER - IV					
I		Language	Tamil – IV	6	3
II		Language	English – IV	6	3
III		Core Theory – IV	Regional Geography of Tamil Nadu	4	5
		Allied II: Theory – II	Botany - II	4	4
		Allied Practical – I	Botany Practical	3	3
		Core Practical – II	Major Practical – II Map Interpretation and Socio-Economic Data Representation	3	3
IV		SBEC - II	Office Fundamentals	2	2
	NMEC - II			2	2

NO. OF COURSES - 8			TOTAL	32	25
SEMESTER - V					
III		Core Theory – V	Human Geography	5	5
		Core Theory – VI	Natural Regions of the World	4	5
		Core Theory – VII	Fundamentals of Cartography	5	5
		Core – Practical - III	Major Practical – III* Map Projections and Surveying	3	-
		Core - Practical - IV	Major Practical – IV* Remote Sensing Techniques in Geography	3	-
		Core Elective – I	Bio-geography	4	4
		Core Elective – II	Remote Sensing and GIS	4	4
IV		SBEC - III	Physical Geography of India	2	2
		Add-on Course (Internship)	Field Visit and Report Preparation	-	-
NO. OF COURSES - 8			TOTAL	30	25
* Examination at the End of Sixth Semester					
SEMESTER - VI					
III		Core Theory – VIII	Geography of Resources	5	5
		Core Theory – IX	Regional Geography of Asia	5	5
		Core – Practical - III	Major Practical – III Map Projections and Surveying	3	3
		Core - Practical - IV	Major Practical – IV Remote Sensing Techniques in Geography	3	3
		Core Elective – III	Economic Geography of India	5	5
		Core Elective – IV	Geography of Population and Settlement	5	5
IV		SBEC - IV	Principles of Surveying	4	4
		Common	*Extension Activities	-	-
		NMSDC-Add on course	Employability Readiness	-	-
NO. OF COURSES - 8			TOTAL	30	30
TOTAL NO. OF COURSES - 45			GRAND TOTAL	180	144
UE - University Examination			CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment		
SBEC - Skill Based Elective Course			NMEC - Non Major Elective Course		

QUESTION PATTERN

CORE, SKILL BASED, ELECTIVE AND NON-MAJOR ELECTIVE AND ALLIED COURSES

Max Marks = 75
Internal Marks = 25

Total = 100

Part - A (15 X 1 = 15 Marks)
Answer ALL the Questions
Three questions from each section

Part - B (2 X 5 = 10 Marks)
Answer ANY TWO Questions out of Five
Answer should not exceed 300 words

PART-C (5X10=50 MARKS)
Answer ALL the Questions
One question from each section
Answer should not exceed 1200 words

QUESTION PATTERN

MAJOR COURSE PRACTICALS

Internal Marks = 40
University Examination + Record = 60

Total = 100

Answer ALL the Questions
Each question carries 10 Marks (5X10=50 Marks)
For Record Submission = 10 Marks
Total Marks (50+10) = 60

Semester - I
Core Theory - I
CLIMATOLOGY

Paper Code: 21UGG01

- Unit I: Definition of Climatology:** Rotation and Revolution of the Earth, Solstice, Equinox and Seasons, Elements of Weather and Climate, Composition and Structure of the Atmosphere, Insolation: factors affecting Insolation, Global energy budget, Horizontal and Vertical Distribution Inversion of Temperature and affecting factors.
- Unit II: Atmospheric Pressure:** Diurnal and Seasonal Variations – Vertical and Horizontal distribution and factors affecting – Pressure Gradient – Coriolis force and Deflection. Winds: Causes and Types - Jet stream, planetary winds, Monsoon and Local winds.
- Unit III: Atmospheric Moisture and Precipitation:** Humidity types - Condensation – Cloud types – Precipitation and Rainfall: Types.
- Unit IV: Air Masses and Fronts:** types, classification and properties – Atmospheric Disturbances: Tropical, Temperate Cyclones, Thunderstorms and Tornadoes – Origin, Development and associated weather conditions.
- Unit V: Climatic Classification:** Need and Basis of Climatic Classification – Koppen's Climatic Classification – Weather forecasting.

Reference Books:

1. Critchfield, H. (1975). *General Climatology*. Prentice-Hall, New York.
2. Das, P.K. (1968). *The Monsoons*. National Book Trust, New Delhi.
3. Mather, J.R. (1974). *Climatology: Fundamentals and Applications*. McGraw-Hill, New York.
4. Patterson, S. (1969). *Introduction of Meteorology*. McGraw-Hill Book Co., London.
5. Stringer, E.T. (1982). *Foundation of Climatology*. Surjeet Publications, New Delhi.
6. Trewartha, G.T. (1968). *An Introduction to Climate (4th Edition)*. McGraw-Hill Book Kogakushu Ltd., New York.

Semester - II
Core Theory - II
OCEANOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGG02

- Unit I: Oceanography:** Scope, Content, Significance, Distribution of Land and Sea – Continental Shelf, Continental Slope, Deep Sea Plain, Oceanic Deeps and Submarine Canyons.
- Unit II: Relief Features of the Major Oceans:** Atlantic, Pacific and Indian Ocean – Horizontal and Vertical Distribution of Seawater Temperature, Salinity: Factors Affecting Salinity and Distribution.
- Unit III: Ocean Water Circulation:** Factors Influencing Ocean Circulation – General Circulation of Ocean Currents, Currents of the Atlantic, Pacific and Indian Ocean, Waves and Tides: Definition and Types, Tsunamis: Origin and Effects.
- Unit IV: Marine Sediments:** Types of Marine Sediments: Classification and Distribution – Coral Reefs types.
- Unit V: Marine Resources:** Types of Marine Resources – Distribution and Uses – Tidal Energy.

Reference Books:

1. Anikouchine, W.A. and Sternberg, R.W. (1973). *The World Oceans - An Introduction to Oceanography*. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
2. Garrison, T. (1998). *Oceanography: An Invitation to Marine Science (3rd Edition)*, Wadsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California.
3. Gerald, S. (1980). *General Oceanography: An Introduction*. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
4. King, C.A.M. (1972). *Beaches and Coasts*. Edward Arnold, London.
5. King, C.A.M. (1975). *Oceanography for Geographers*. Edward Arnold, London.
6. Ramasamy, G. (1970). *Oceanography* (Tamil Edition). Tamil Nadu Text Book Society, Chennai.
7. Sharma, R.C. and Vatal, M. (1970). *Oceanography for Geographers*. Chaitanya Publishing House, Allahabad.

Semester - II
Core Practical - I
REPRESENTATION OF RELIEF AND CLIMATIC DATA

Paper Code: 21UGGP01

- Unit I:** **Map:** Definition and types – Geo-coordinate System: Latitude and Longitude - Time Zone and International date line.
- Unit II:** **Scales:** Meaning and types – Construction of Linear, Comparative and Diagonal Scales – Conversion of Scales.
- Unit III:** **Measurement of Distance:** Thread, Divider and Rotometer methods; Measurement of Area: Square and Strip methods. Enlargement and Reduction of Map: Square and Similar Triangle methods.
- Unit IV:** **Representation of Relief Features:** Interpolation of Contours – Contour diagrams with Cross-section.
- Unit V:** **Representation of Climatic Data:** Climatic Graphs, Climograph, Hythergraph and Ergograph – Windrose diagram.

Reference Books:

1. Singh, G. (1996). *Map Work and Practical Geography*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Khan Z.A. (1998). *Text Book of Practical Geography*. Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
3. Khullar, D.R. (2004). *Essentials of Practical Geography*. New Academic Publishing Co., Jalandhar.
4. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. (1961). *Maps and Diagrams*. Methuen & Co., New York.
5. Negi, B.S. (1995). *Practical Geography*. Kedarnath, Meerut.

Semester - III
Core Theory - III
GEOMORPHOLOGY

Paper Code: 21UGG03

- Unit I: Meaning, Scope, Content and Significance of Geomorphology:** Universe – Solar system – Origin of the earth – Hypothesis of Kant, Laplace and James.
- Unit II: Internal Structure of the Earth:** Rock Types: Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic. Geomorphic Processes: Internal and external processes – Faults, Folds and Cracks, Volcanism and Earthquakes: types and distribution.
- Unit III: External Processes:** Weathering: Physical, Chemical and Biological. Mass wasting: Soil creep, landslide, rock fall, rock slip and mud flow.
- Unit IV: Landforms produced due to Erosion and Deposition with reference to:** a. Running water, and b. Underground water.
- Unit V: Landforms produced due to Erosion and Deposition with reference to:** a) Glaciers, b) Winds, and c) Waves.

Reference Books:

1. Dayal, P.A. (1996). *Text book of Geomorphology*. Shukla Book Depot, Patna.
2. Kale, V.S. and Gupta, A. (2001). *Elements of Geomorphology*. Oxford University Press, Calcutta.
3. Monkhouse, F.J. (1974). *Principles of Physical Geography*. Hodder and Stoughton, London.
4. Pitty, A.F. (1974). *Introduction to Geomorphology*. Methuen, London.
5. Singh, S., (1998): *Geomorphology*, Prayag Pustakalay, Allahabad.
6. Sparks, B.W. (1960). *Geomorphology*. Longmans, London.
7. Strahler, A.N. and Strahler, A.H. (1987). *Modern Physical Geography (3rd Edition)*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
8. Sivamoorthy, A. (1964). *Geomorphology* (Tamil Edition). Tamil Nadu Text Book Society, Chennai.

Semester-III
Skill-Based Elective Course - I (SBEC)
FUNDAMENTALS OF PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGGS01

- Unit-I General Geography:** Nations and Capitals, Geographical locations - Latitude, Longitude and Time Zone, Solar system and Planets.
- Unit-II Landforms:** Major Relief features, Earth's External and Internal forces and agents of Denudation-Features formed by them.
- Unit-III Climatology:** Atmosphere, insolation-Temperature, Pressure-Wind-Humidity-Forms of condensation and Precipitation-Types and distribution of rainfall - Air mass- Front, Cyclones.
- Unit-IV Oceanography:** Land and Sea distribution-Bottom Topography of Oceans-Temperature, Salinity, Current, Tide, Coral reefs, Ocean deposits and Resources.
- Unit-V Biogeography:** Elements of biogeography - Environment, Habitat, Plants and animals - Distribution Groupings-Distribution of forests and major communities.

Reference Books:

1. Dayal, P.A. (1996). *Text book of Geomorphology*. Shukla Book Depot, Patna.
2. Sivamoorthy, A. (1964). *Geomorphology (Tamil Edition)*. Tamil Nadu Text Book Society, Chennai.
3. Lal, D.S. (1989). *Climatology*. Chaitanya Publisher's House, Allahabad.
4. Critchfield, H. (1975). *General Climatology*. Prentice-Hall, New York.
5. Christopherson, R.W. (2011). *Geosystems: An Introduction to Physical Geography* (8th Edition). Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Semester - III
NMEC - I - Non-Major Elective Courses
GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Paper Code: 21UGGN01

- Unit-I** **General Aspect:** Location and Extent – Neighbouring Countries – Administrative Units – Major Physiographic Division.
- Unit-II** **Climate:** Seasons and Monsoon - Major River system - Irrigation: Type and Distribution – Major Multipurpose Projects.
- Unit-III** **Natural Vegetation:** Major Soil type; Agricultural: Distribution and Production of Major Crops – Rice, Wheat, Tea, Coffee, Rubber, Sugar cane and Cotton.
- Unit-IV** **Mineral Resources and their Distribution:** Iron ore, Manganese, Bauxite - Power Resources and their Distribution - Hydel, Atomic, thermal and Wind energy.
- Unit-V** **Major Industries:** Cotton Textiles, Iron and Steel – Population Distribution – Transport.

Reference Books:

1. Singh, G. (1976). *A Geography of India*. Atma Ram & Sons Pub., New Delhi.
2. NCERT (2002). *India Physical Environment (Class IX)*. NCERT Publications, New Delhi.
3. Siddhartha, K. and Mukherjee, S. (2013). *Geography through Maps (11th Edition)*. Kisalaya Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Husain, M. (2014). *Geography of India (5th Edition)*. McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
5. Sharma, T.C. and Coutinho, O. (1978). *Economic and Commercial Geography India (2nd Edition)*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Mamoria, C.B. (1980). *Economic and Commercial Geography of India*. Shiva Lal Agarwala & Company, Agra.
7. Dubey, R.N. and Negi, B.S. (1968). *Economic and Commercial Geography of India*. Kitabmahal, Allahabad.
8. Tiwari, R.C. (2010). *Geography of India*. Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.

Semester - IV
Core Theory - IV
REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF TAMIL NADU

Paper Code: 21UGG04

- Unit I: Location and Extent:** Administrative units – Major relief features – Major rivers – Climate: temperature, Seasonal and Annual rainfall – distribution, Soil: types and their distribution.
- Unit II: Irrigation and Agriculture:** types and distribution – canal, tank and well irrigation, Agriculture: distribution and production of rice, cotton, sugarcane, and rain fed crops, oil seeds, tea and coffee.
- Unit III: Forest, Livestock and Fisheries:** types and distribution, forest products, Livestock: cattle, sheep, dairying and fisheries-inland and deep-sea fishing.
- Unit IV: Mineral and Industrial Resources:** General distribution and production. Power resources: Hydel, thermal, atomic and wind power, Industries: distribution and production of – Iron and steel, cement, sugar, cotton, automobile and paper.
- Unit V: Transport and Population:** Roads, Railways, Air and Sea transportation - Important ports, Population – growth and distribution of rural and urban population.

Reference Books:

1. Kumaraswamy, S.V. (2002). *Geography of Tamil Nadu* (Tamil Edition), Sakthi Abirami Pathipagam, Kumbakonam.
2. *Statistical Hand Book of Tamil Nadu*. Department of Economics and Statistics (2004). Government of Tamil Nadu, Chennai.
3. *Tamil Nadu - An Economic Appraisal 2011-12 to 2013-14* (2014). Department of Evaluation and Applied Research, Chennai.
4. *Season and Crop Report of Tamil Nadu for the Agricultural Year 2003-2004* (2004). Department of Economics and Statistics, Chennai.

Semester - IV
Core Practical - II
MAP INTERPRETATION AND
SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA REPRESENTATION

Paper Code: 21UGGP02

- Unit I: Meteorological Signs and Symbols:** Station Model – Study and Interpretation of Weather Reports of India (January, July, May and November only).
- Unit II: Indian Topographical Maps:** Conventional Signs and Symbols - Interpretation of Indian Topographical maps (Plain, Plateaus, Hills and Mountains) Cultural features (Transportation and Settlements)
- Unit III: Representation of Economic Data:** One Dimensional Diagrams – Bars: Two Dimensional Diagrams: Rectangular, Squares and Circles – Three Dimensional Diagrams: Cubes and Spheres.
- Unit IV: Pyramidal Diagrams:** Pictorial – Flow – Line and Pie diagrams.
- Unit V: Methods of Representing Distribution of Data:** Drawing of Isopleths, Choropleths, Chorochromatic and Choroschematic Maps.

Reference Books:

1. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. (1971). *Maps and Diagrams (3rd Edition)*. Methuen & Co., London.
2. Singh, G. (1995). *Map Work and Practical Geography (3rd Edition)*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Khan, M.Z.A. (1998). *Text Book of Practical Geography*. Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
4. Misra, R.P. and Ramesh, A. (1989). *Fundamentals of Cartography*. Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
5. Negi, B.S. (1998). *Practical Geography*. Kedarnath and Ramnath, Meerut.
6. Saha, P. and Basu, P. (2013). *Advanced Practical Geography*. Kolkata Books and Allied Publisher, Kolkata.

Semester-IV
Skill-Based Elective Course - II (SBEC)
GEOGRAPHY OF TRAVEL AND TOURISM

Paper Code: 21UGGS02

- Unit-I Tourism:** Scope and Significance of Tourism – Basic components of tourism: Attraction, Accessibility and Accommodation – Factors affecting tourism activities – Types of tourism.
- Unit-II Travel Documents:** Passport and Visa – types – Tourist facilities and services: Transport facilities – Accommodation, Catering and Hospitality – Entertainment, Trade, Fairs, Festival, Sports and Games.
- Unit-III Accommodation:** Significance and role in tourism industry – Hotel types, Motels, Choultries, Guest Houses, Youth Hostels, Tour Operators.
- Unit-IV Tourism and Travel Agencies:** Functions - Role of trade fairs and festivals - National and International sports and games as promoters - Tourism in Tamil Nadu - Impact on Economy.
- Unit-V Major Tourist Centers of India:** Selected centers only (Jaipur, Agra, Shimla, Ajanta and Ellora) – A Geographical study of tourist centers: Udgamandalam, Kodaikanal, Yercaud, Bengaluru and Mysuru.

Reference Books:

1. Seth, P.N. and Bhat, S.S. (2012). *An Introduction to Travel and Tourism*. Sterling Publishers Private Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Ghosh, B. (2009). *Tourism and Travel Management (2nd Edition)*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Limited. New Delhi.
3. Singh, A.P. (1989). *Himalayan Environment and Tourism*. Chugh Publications, Allahabad.
4. Kaul, R.N. (1985). *Dynamics of Tourism: A Trilogy*. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
5. Bhatia, A.K. (2002). *Tourism Development: Principles and Practices*. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
6. Singh, S.N. (1985). *Geography of Tourism and Recreation with Special Reference to Varanasi*. Inter India Publication, New Delhi.
7. Das, M. (1983). *India, a Tourist Paradise: Introducing a Wonderful Land and a Wonderful People*. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.

Semester – IV
NMEC - II - Non-Major Elective Courses
GEOGRAPHY OF TAMIL NADU

Paper Code: 21UGGN02

- Unit-I** **Location and Extent:** Administrative units – Major relief features Major rivers – Climate: temperature, Seasonal and Annual rainfall - distribution, Soil: types and their distribution.
- Unit-II** **Forest, Livestock and Fisheries:** types and distribution, forest products, Livestock: cattle, sheep, dairying and fisheries-inland and deep-sea fishing.
- Unit-III** **Irrigation and Agriculture:** types and distribution – canal, tank and well irrigation, Agriculture: distribution and production of rice, cotton, sugarcane and oil seeds, tea and coffee.
- Unit-IV** **Mineral and Industrial Resources:** General distribution and production. Power resources: Hydel, thermal, atomic and wind power, Industries: distribution and production of – Iron and steel, cement, sugar, cotton, automobile and paper.
- Unit-V** **Transport:** Roads, Railways, Air and Sea transportation - Important ports, Population: growth and distribution of rural and urban population.

Reference Books:

1. Kumaraswamy, S.V. (2002). *Geography of Tamil Nadu* (Tamil Edition), Sakthi Abirami Pathipagam, Kumbakonam.
2. *Statistical Hand Book of Tamil Nadu*. Department of Economics and Statistics (2004). Government of Tamil Nadu, Chennai.
3. *Tamil Nadu - An Economic Appraisal 2011-12 to 2013-14* (2014). Department of Evaluation and Applied Research, Chennai.
4. *Season and Crop Report of Tamil Nadu for the Agricultural Year 2003-2004* (2004). Department of Economics and Statistics, Chennai.

Semester - V
Core Theory - V
HUMAN GEOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGG05

- Unit I: Basics:** Scope and Content of Human Geography – Interrelationship between Man and Environment – Concepts – Determinism, Possibilism, Neo-determinism and Probabilism.
- Unit II: Race:** Major Races – Caucasoid, Mongoloid and Negroid; Distribution, Racial Conflicts and Racial Prejudice.
- Unit III: Religion:** Distribution of World Religion: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Buddhism and Judaism.
- Unit IV: Languages:** Major World Languages and their Distribution – Geographical Factors – Significances.
- Unit V: Cultural Diffusion:** Meaning and Elements – Types of Diffusion – Cultural Hearths: Major Cultural Hearths of the World – Cultural Realms: Meaning and Bases of Delimitation-Major Cultural Worlds.

Reference Books:

1. Husian, M. (2011). *Human Geography*. Rawat Publication, New Delhi.
2. Trewarta, G.T. (1969). *A Geography of Population: World Patterns*. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
3. Leong, G.C. and Morgan, G.C. (1982). *Human and Economic Geography*. Oxford University Press, London.
4. Chandna, R.C. (2010). *Population Geography*, Kalyani Publisher, New Delhi.
5. Hassan, M.I. (2005). *Population Geography*, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
6. Daniel, P.A. and Hopkinson, M.F. (1989). *The Geography of Settlement*, Oliver & Boyd, London.

Semester - V
Core Theory - VI
NATURAL REGIONS OF THE WORLD

Paper Code: 21UGG06

- Unit I: Definition:** Natural Regions of the World – Equatorial Region: Situation and extent, Climate, Natural Vegetation, Animal life, Human life and Economic Activity.
- Unit II: Tropical Region:** Tropical Monsoon Region – Tropical Savanna – Climate – Soil – Vegetation – Life in Tropics – Economic Activity.
- Unit III: Arid Region:** World Deserts – Hot Deserts – Cold Deserts – Climate – Soil – Vegetation – Life in Deserts – Economic Activity.
- Unit IV: Temperate Region:** World Grasslands – (Prairies – Pampas – Downs – Valdes – Canterbury) Climate – Soils – Life in Temperate Regions – Economic activity.
- Unit V: Tundra Region:** Arctic Region – Climate – Vegetation – Life in Tundra Region – Economic Activity.

Reference Books:

1. Heintzelman, O.H. and Highsmith (Jr.), R.M. (1973). *World Regional Geography*, Prentice Hall Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Hussain, M. (2004). *World Geography*. Rawat Publication, New Delhi.
3. Robinson, H. (1977). *Monsoon Asia*. McDonald and Evans Ltd., Plymouth.
4. Stamp, L.D. (1967). *Asia: A Regional and Economic Geography*. B.I. Publication Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Tirtha, R. (2005). *Geography of Asia*. Rawat Publication, New Delhi.
6. Wheeler (Jr.), J., Kostabade, R. and Thoman, R.S. (1969). *Regional Geography of the World*. Holt Rinehart and Winston, New York.

Semester –V
Core Theory - VII
FUNDAMENTALS OF CARTOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGG07

- Unit-I Cartography:** Nature, Scope and Content of Cartography – Art and Science of Cartography – Cartography as a system of communication – Maps – Classification and their uses – Growth, development and modern trends in cartography.
- Unit-II Map drawing and Measuring Techniques:** Map Setting – The Earth and System of Co-ordinates – Base Map – Compilation and Generalization of Maps.
- Unit-III Symbolization:** Types of Cartographic symbols – Point, line, and Area symbols – Qualitative and Quantitative data generalization.
- Unit-IV Map Design and Layout:** General design problems – Principles of Cartographic design and design of map symbols – Lettering – Lettering methods, Positioning of letters – Geographical names.
- Unit-V Map Reproduction:** Process of Map production –Photographic systems – Multiple Reproduction Processes – Computer application in Cartography – Computer mapping – Remote Sensing and Cartography – Uses of Air photographs and Satellite images in Cartography.

Reference Books:

1. Misra, R.P. and Ramesh, A. (1989). *Fundamentals of Cartography*. Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
2. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. (1971). *Maps and Diagrams (3rd Edition)*. Methuen & Co., London.
3. Robinson, H. (1995). *Elements of Cartography (6th Edition)*. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
4. Sethurakkayi, S. (2005). *Cartography (Tamil Edition)*. Shanmugam Publications, Madurai.
5. Keates, J.S. (1989). *Cartographic Design and Production (2nd Edition)*. Longman Scientific and Technical, Essex.
6. Raize, E. (1982). *Principles of Cartography*. McGraw Hill Publicatins, New York.

Semester – V
Core Elective - I
BIO-GEOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGGE01

- Unit-I Bio - Geography:** Definition, Scope and significance Evolution of life on Earth : Origin of Fauna and Flora- plants and Animal evolution throughout the geological times- distribution of plant life on the earth.
- Unit-II Basic Ecological Principles:** Bio- Energy cycle in the Terrestrials Eco-system- Tropical level and food chain. concepts of Biome, Eco-tone and community.
- Unit-III Bio- Diversity:** Problems of Extinction of plant and animal life- Habitat decay and need for conservation- Process of Desertification and its Consequences- Industrial Effluents and their affects on fresh water Biology.
- Unit-IV World Biomes:** Major Biomes- Tropical forest- Tropical Grasslands- Temperate Grassland and Tropical Deserts.
- Unit-V Ecological and Environmental Managements:** Study of Ecological regions of Himalayas and the Western Ghats- Conservation and Management- Major Global Environmental Problems- International Co- Operation.

Reference Books:

1. Robinson, H. (1972). *Biogeography*. Macdonald and Evans Publication, London.
2. Singh, S. (1991). *Environmental Geography*. Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.
3. Pears, N. (1993). *Basic Biogeography*. Longman Publications, London.
4. Newbigin, M. (1968). *Plant and Animal Geography*. Geography. Egmont Books Ltd., London.
5. Saxena, H.M. (2004). *Environmental Geography (2nd Edition)*. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Semester-V
Core Elective - II
REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

Paper Code: 21UGGE02

- Unit-I Remote Sensing:** Definition and Types: Aerial, Satellite and Radar, Development of Space Programmes - History and Organization associated with Remote Sensing in India and other Countries.
- Unit-II Remote Sensing Processes:** Sources of Energy, Electromagnetic Radiations (EMR) Atmospheric Windows, Energy Interaction with Atmosphere and Earth, Types of Platforms, Active and Passive Remote Sensing Methods, Ideal Remote Sensing Systems.
- Unit-III Fundamentals of Aerial Remote Sensing:** Components of Aerial Camera, Types of Aerial Photographs, Marginal Information of Aerial Photographs, elements of Photo Interpretation.
- Unit-IV Fundamentals of Satellite Remote Sensing:** Types of Satellites: Geo-stationary and Sun-synchronous Satellites, Resolution: Spatial, Spectral, Radiometric and Temporal, Types of Data Products, Marginal Information of Satellite Images.
- Unit-V Geographic Information Systems (GIS)** Meaning- Developments-Raster and Vector data-Data integration-Global positioning system (GPS) - Advantages and Limitations of GIS and GPS – Field Visit and Industrial Visit.

Reference Books:

1. Barrett, E.C. and Curtis, L.F. (1992). *Introduction to Environmental Remote Sensing*. Chapman and Hall Publications, London.
2. Campbell, J.B. and Wynne, R.H. (1987). *Introduction to Remote Sensing*. The Guilford Press, New York.
3. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W. (1987). *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
4. Lueder, D.R. (1959). *Aerial Photographic Interpretation - Principles and Applications*. McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.
5. Wolf, P.R. (1974). *Elements of Photogrammetry: with Air Photo Interpretation and Remote Sensing*. McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.

Semester - V
Skill-Based Elective Course - III (SBEC)
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Paper Code:17UGGS03

- Unit-I** **Location and Extent** – Structure and Relief – Physiographic Divisions.
- Unit-II** **Climate of India**- Factors Determining – Mechanism of Indian Monsoon – The Rhythm of Seasons – Distribution of Rainfall – Climatic Regions of India.
- Unit-III** **Drainage Systems of India** – Himalayan System – Peninsular System
- Unit-IV** **Soils** – Major types and distribution – Soil degradation – Soil Conservation.
- Unit-V** **Natural Vegetation** – Forest types and Distribution – Forest covers in India – Wild life and Biosphere reserves of India – Conservation of Wild life.

Reference Books:

1. Singh, G. (1976). *A Geography of India*. Atma Ram & Sons Pub., New Delhi.
2. NCERT (2002). *India Physical Environment (Class IX)*. NCERT Publications, New Delhi.
3. Siddhartha, K. and Mukherjee, S. (2013). *Geography through Maps* (11th Edition). Kishore Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Husain, M. (2014). *Geography of India (5th Edition)*. McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
5. Tirtha, R. (2002). *Geography of India*. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Semester - VI
Core Theory - VIII
GEOGRAPHY OF RESOURCES

Paper Code: 21UGG08

- Unit I: Resources: Meaning:** Nature and Significance in Resources – Classification and Types – Need for Conservation and Sustainable Development.
- Unit II: Water Resources:** Importance – Classification – Continent wise Distribution and Utilization of Water Resources – Problems and Issues.
- Unit III: Biotic Resources:** Major Forest Types and Distribution – Livestock – Fisheries – Major Fishing Grounds of the World.
- Unit IV: Minerals Resources:** Classification and Distribution of Major Minerals: Iron and Copper – Energy Resources – Coal, Petroleum, Hydro Electric and Atomic Power – Major Industrial Zones of the World.
- Unit V: Transportation and Trade:** Different Modes of Transport – Trade – Types, Factors affecting Trade – Multilateral and Bilateral – Agreements of Trade – WTO – GATT.

Reference Books:

1. Alexander, J.W. (1964). *Economic Geography*. John Wiley & Sons Inc, New York.
2. Leong, C.H. and Morgan, G.C. (1982). *Economic and Human Geography (2nd Edition)*. Oxford University Press, Kuala Lumpur.
3. Bengtson, N.A. and Royen, W.V. (1935). *Fundamentals of Economic Geography*. Prentice Hall Inc, New York.
4. Thomas, R.S. (1962). *The Geography of Economic Activities*. McGraw Hill, New York.
5. Mather, A.S. and Chapman, K. (1995). *Environmental Resources*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Semester - VI
Core Theory - IX
REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF ASIA

Paper Code: 21UGG09

- Unit I: Location and extent:** Physiography – Climate – Drainage systems and Major Rivers.
- Unit II: Soil Types and Classification:** Agricultural Production – Rice and Wheat – Rubber, Tea and coffee, Sugar cane and Jute.
- Unit III: Mineral and Energy Resources:** Iron ore, Manganese, Tin, Bauxite, Coal, Petroleum and Natural Gas.
- Unit IV: Industrial Production and Distribution:** Iron and Steel, Cotton textiles, Sugarcane and Automobile.
- Unit V: Population:** Growth and Distribution; Transport: Road, Railway, Water transport and Airway; Trade.

Reference Books:

1. Leong, C.H. and Morgan, G.C. (1982). *Economic and Human Geography (2nd Edition)*. Oxford University Press, Kuala Lumpur.
2. Tirtha, R. (2001). *Geography of Asia*. Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
3. Manku, D.S. (2010). *A Regional Geography of the World*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi
4. Stamp, L.D. (1969). *Asia: A Regional and Economic Geography*. Methuen Publications, London.
5. Tiwari, S.K. (1975). *Geography of Asia*. Kedarnath and Ramnath, Meerut.
6. Shafi, M. (2000). *Geography of South Asia*. MacMillan and Co., Kolkata.

Semester - VI
Core Elective - III
ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Paper Code: 21UGGE03

- Unit-I India and its Neighbouring Countries:** Political Boundaries with Neighbouring Countries- Indian Agriculture : Importance – Suitable conditions for cultivation of major food crops.
- Unit-II Production and Distribution of Major Commercial crops:** Sugar cane-Tea-Coffee – Cotton – Tobacco- Problems of Indian Agriculture – Green revolution.
- Unit-III Mineral and Power Resources:** Iron ore, Bauxite, Manganese and their distribution – Power Resources: Hydel Power, Thermal Power, Atomic and wind power.
- Unit-IV Industries:** Iron and Steel, Cotton textile – Petro-chemical, Automobile: Production and their distribution – Major Industrial Region of India- Transport: Road, Railway , Water way and Air ways - Major Trade in India.
- Unit-V Population:** Spatial Distribution and Density- Population Growth, Urban and Rural Population – Urbanization - Smart Cities in India.

Reference Books:

1. Singh, G. (1976). *A Geography of India*. Atma Ram & Sons Pub., New Delhi.
2. NCERT (2002). *India Physical Environment (Class IX)*. NCERT Publications, New Delhi.
3. Siddhartha, K. and Mukherjee, S. (2013). *Geography through Maps (11th Edition)*. Kishalay Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Husain, M. (2014). *Geography of India (5th Edition)*. McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
5. Sharma, T.C. and Coutinho, O. (1978). *Economic and Commercial Geography India (2nd Edition)*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Mamoria, C.B. (1980). *Economic and Commercial Geography of India*. Shiva Lal Agarwala & Company, Agra.
7. Dubey, R.N. and Negi, B.S. (1968). *Economic and Commercial Geography of India*. Kitabmahal, Allahabad.
8. Tiwari, R.C. (2010). *Geography of India*. Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.

Semester - VI
Core Elective - IV
GEOGRAPHY OF POPULATION AND SETTLEMENT

Paper Code: 21UGGE04

- Unit I: Population:** As a Resource and Constraints to Development – Factors affecting Distribution and Density of Population – World distribution of Population.
- Unit II: Migration:** Meaning - Types of Migration: National, International, Voluntary and Forced Migrations; Causes and Consequences of Migration.
- Unit III: Settlements:** Definition, Site and Situation of Rural Settlements, Factors Influencing Settlement Patterns, Classification of Settlements: Rural and Urban.
- Unit IV: Urban and Urbanization:** Meaning – Classification of Towns and Cities – Site, Situation and Functions – Urban Hierarchy and Hinterland – Pattern of Urbanization in India.
- Unit V: Urban Morphology:** Theories relating to the morphology of town - a) Concentric zone theory, b) Sector theory and c) Multiple Nuclei theory – Morphology of an Indian city: Allahabad.

Reference Books:

1. Trewartha, G.T. (1969). *A Geography of Population: World Patterns*. John Wiley & Sons Inc, New York.
2. Clarke, J.I. (1984). *Geography and Population: Approaches and Applications*. Pergamon Press, London.
3. Bogue, D.J. (1969). *Principle of Demography*. John Wiley & Sons Inc, New York.
4. Cole, J.P. and King, C.A.M. (1968). *Quantitative Geography: Techniques and Theories in Geography*. John Wiley & Sons Inc, New York.
5. Mayer, H. and Kohn, C. (1959). *Readings in Urban Geography*. University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
6. Singh, R.Y. (2002). *Geography of Settlements*. Rawat Publication, New Delhi.
7. Maurya, S.D. (2012). *Human Geography*. Prayag Publications, Allahabad.

Semester - VI
Core Practical - III
MAP PROJECTIONS AND SURVEYING

Paper Code: 21UGGP03

- Unit I: Map Projections:** Definition, Significance and Classification – Construction and Classification – Construction of Zenithal Projections: Equidistant, Equal Area, Gnomonic, Orthomorphic and Orthographic (or) Stereographic Projections.
- Unit II: Construction of Cylindrical Projection:** Equidistant, Equal Area and Mercator Projections – Simple Conical Projections with One and Two Standard Parallels – Bonne's and Polyconic Projections.
- Unit III: Surveying:** Chain Survey: Triangulation, Open and Closed Traverse – Prismatic Compass: Open and Closed Traverse.
- Unit IV: Plane Table Survey:** Open and Closed Traverse - Correction of Closing Errors - Bowditch Method - Finding of Resection Points: Trial and Error Methods and Tracing Paper methods (Three Points only).
- Unit V: Survey with Indian Clinometers and Abney Level:** Accessible and Inaccessible Methods - Dumpy Level - Collimation Method, Calculation of Heights.

Reference Books:

1. Jayachandaran, S. (1964). *Practical Geography (Tamil Edition)*. Tamil Nadu Text Book Society, Chennai.
2. Khan, M.Z.A. (1998). *Text Book of Practical Geography*. Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
3. Negi, B.S. (1998). *Practical Geography*. Kedarnath and Ramnath, Meerut.
4. Singh, G. (1995). *Map Work and Practical Geography (3rd Edition)*. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. (1971). *Maps and Diagrams (3rd Edition)*. Methuen & Co., London.

Semester - VI
Core Practical - IV
REMOTE SENSING TECHNIQUES IN GEOGRAPHY

Paper Code: 21UGGP04

- Unit I: Remotely Sensed Data Product - Aerial Photos:** Types, Scale of Photos – Marginal Information of Aerial Photos – Stereo Vision Tests.
- Unit II: Satellite Imagery:** Data Acquiring Techniques – Marginal Information – Basic Elements of Image Interpretation – Interpreting Equipments: Viewing and Measuring Instruments.
- Unit III: Aerial Photo Interpretation:** Tracing and Interpreting the Aerial Photographs.
- Unit IV: Satellite Image Interpretation:** Tracing and Interpreting the Satellite Data.
- Unit V: Comparative Study of Map Information:**
- 1) Air Photos with Topographic Maps
 - 2) Air Photos with Satellite Images.
 - 3) Satellite Images with Topographic maps.

Reference Books:

1. Barrett, E.C. and Curtis, L.F. (1992). *Introduction to Environmental Remote Sensing*. Chapman and Hall Publications, London.
2. Campbell, J.B. and Wynne, R.H. (1987). *Introduction to Remote Sensing*. The Guilford Press, New York.
3. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W. (1987). *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
4. Lueder, D.R. (1959). *Aerial Photographic Interpretation - Principles and Applications*. McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.
5. Wolf, P.R. (1974). *Elements of Photogrammetry: with Air Photo Interpretation and Remote Sensing*. McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.

Semester – VI
Skill-Based Elective Course - IV (SBEC)
PRINCIPLES OF SURVEYING

Paper Code: 21UGGS04

- Unit-I Surveying:** Definition – Scope and content – types of surveying – Area measurement – Height determination – Advantages of survey.
- Unit-II Chain Survey:** Accessibility –FMB – Methods of chain survey – Triangulation – Open and Closed traverse – Plotting of chain survey and results.
- Unit-III Prismatic Compass:** Parts of prismatic compass – Accessories – Traverse – Plotting of prismatic compass – Errors and its corrections - Bowditch's method of correction – calculation of bearings from included angles.
- Unit-IV Plane Table:** Equipments – Methods of plane table survey – preparation work for the plane table survey – Leveling and Orientating the table - Resection points – Trial and Error Method – Tracing Paper Method – Advantages and Disadvantages of plane table survey.
- Unit-V Height measurement:** Determination of height – Dumpy level – Parts and Methods of dumpy level survey – Height measurement - Indian Clinometer and Abney level.

Reference Books:

1. Singh, K.L.R. and Singh, R. (1970). *Map Work and Practical Geography*. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.
2. Jayachandaran, S. (1964). *Practical Geography (Tamil Edition)*. Tamil Nadu Text Book Society, Chennai.
3. Saha, P. and Basu, P. (2013). *Advanced Practical Geography*. Kolkata Books and Allied Publisher, Kolkata.
4. Alvi, Z. (1998). *A Text book of Practical Geography*. Sangam Books Limited, Hyderabad.
5. Herubin, C.A. (1991). *Principles of Surveying (4th Edition)*. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

PRACTICAL MODEL QUESTION PAPER

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY

B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from 2021-2022 onwards)

Name of the course: **B.Sc., GEOGRAPHY**

Title of the Paper - **Practical-III: PROJECTIONS AND SURVEYING**

Paper Code: **21UGGP03**

Semester – VI

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

For Practical: (5 x 10) = 50

For Record = 10

Answer ALL Questions

(All Questions carry equal marks)

1. Draw a zenithal equal area projection for the reduced earth of 2 inches for northern hemisphere. The latitude and longitudinal interval is 15°.
2 mq;Fyk MuKs;s RUf;fg;gLl NfhSj;jpd ;tLgFjpiAf; fhL;Lk; xU rkgug;G CR;rp;rLLk; ;tiuf. mJpy; mL;r;q;fSk, jPu;f;q;fSk; 15° ,iLntspap;y; ,Uf;FkhW Fwpf;f.
2. Measure and plot the distance between C₁, C₂ and C₃ points of the given building with the use of chain survey.
rq;fpyp mstp;ag; gad;gLj;jp nfhLf;fg;gLl fLbLj;jpd C₁, C₂ kw;Wk C₃ KidfSf;F ,iLNaAs;s J}uj;ij mse;J gLk; tiuf.
3. Find the height of the given building through inaccessible method by using the Indian Clinometer.
,e;jpa fpisNdhkPLL;ug; gad;gLj;jp nfhLf;fg;gLl fLbLj;jpd cau;ij mZfh Ki wapy fz;Lgpb;fTk;
4. By using the Dumpy level find out the elevation difference of given three points of A, B and C.
kLL khdpiag; gad;gLj;jp nfhLf;fg;gL;Ls;s A, B, kw;Wk C Gs;spfSf;F ,iLNaAs;s cau;T kw;Wk jho;tpid fz;Lgpb;fTk;
5. Write a short note on: rpWFwpg;G vOJf.
 - a) Bowditch method of correction - ngsbr Ki wapy; gp;io ePf;Fjo
 - b) Alidade - Neu;Nfhy;
 - c) Abney Level. - mg;Nd kLLk;
 - d) Properties of Lambert Projection. - yhk;gu;L NfhL;Lr;rLLj;jpd gz;Gfs;

THEORY MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Sl.No. 5320

Course Code: 21UGG01

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY
B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the year 2021-22 onwards)

MAJOR SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY

CLIMATOLOGY

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Part A - (15 X 1 = 15 Marks)

Answer ALL the Questions

Choose the correct answer

1. When the earth's shadow falls on the moon a _____ eclipse is caused.

- (a) lunar eclipse
- (b) solar eclipse
- (c) both (a) and (b) .
- (d) None of the above

) 10 W)) 6d d M @ _____ & J&
) M {&) .
(\$) &) \$ J & J&
(\$) \$ W & J&
() (\$) 10) (\$) J {
() d 10 6

2. The layer in which radio waves are reflected

- (a) Ionosphere
- (b) Stratosphere
- (c) Troposphere
- (d) Mesosphere

JJ W \$ 6& d MJ\$ M6 &Q \$ {&Q _____.
(\$) \$W MWJ
(\$) \$ {&Q 10 L6
() adMM 10 L6
() 10 a & MWJ

3. Short wave energy from the sun _____.

- (a) Insolation
- (b) Lapse rate
- (c) Radiation
- (d) Inversion

\$ W) Q & W \$ 6 \$)) _____.

(\$) & 6 &
 (\$) Q) d \$
 () & \$ J d & &
 () d J &

4. Wind is caused due to _____.
- (a) pressure differences
 - (b) revolution of the earth
 - (c) gravitational force
 - (d) centrifugal force

&) _____ & J 10 &) M { &) .
 (\$) \$ \$ \$ d M { &
 (\$)) 10 W &) &
 () J M 11 d &
 () W J

5. Doldrums refers to an area of _____ pressure.
- (a) high
 - (b) low
 - (c) intermediate
 - (d) very high

a L J J (10) \$ 10 d) _____ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ M Q \$ W &
 Q) & &) ,
 (\$) W J) \$
 (\$) Q)) \$
 () L) 6
 () 10 & \$ \$ &

6. _____ is a local wind.
- (a) Trade wind
 - (b) Monsoons
 - (c) Westerlies
 - (d) Sea breeze

_____ @ 6 & & (\$ J) &)
 (\$) d J \$ \$ & &)
 (\$) 10 & & 6
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 () & L &)

7. The change of water from gaseous to liquid or solid state is
- (a) evaporation
 - (b) condensation
 - (c) radiation
 - (d) inversion

_____.

(a) snow

(b) mist

(c) cloud

(d) temperate

8. A light fog is called _____.

(a) snow

(b) mist

(c) cloud

(d) temperate

_____.

(a) M

(b) M

(c) M

(d) M

9. Cyclonic rainfall is common in _____ region.

(a) Polar

(b) Tropical

(c) Equatorial

(d) Temperate

_____.

(a) M

(b) M

(c) M

(d) M

10. The boundary separating two different air masses is called _____.

(a) Anticyclone

(b) Cyclone

(c) Front

(d) Storm

_____.

(a) J & Q

(b) J & Q

(c) J & Q

(d) J & Q

(e) J & Q

11. Cyclones do not develop between _____ latitudes.

(a) 5°N and 5°S

(b) 10° – 30° N

(c) 10 – 30° S

(d) 20 – 40° S

_____ \$ & J && &Q LW \$) dd & d d\$ 6.

(☒) 5°N and 5°S

(☒) 10° – 30° N

(☐) 10 – 30° S

(☐) 20 – 40° S

12. Air mass that originate over oceans _____.

(a) continental

(b) cold

(c) maritime

(d) warm

aM &L &d d Q &))) _____.

\$) & L

(☒) Qd J

(☐) &L

(☐) \$L

13. In the _____ type of climate all months have above 18°C

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

_____ d & & 6) 6W d 6 W \$ & 18°C &Q W

&Q .

(☒) A

(☒) B

(☐) C

(☐) D

14. Koppens designates dry climate as _____.

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

& MM d) L & 6) 6 W _____ d Q) MM {&) J.

\$) A

(☒) B

(☐) C

(☐) D

15. The application of Science and technology to predict the state of the atmosphere for a future time and a given location is called _____.

(a) prediction

- (b) weather forecast
- (c) astronomy
- (d) astrology

d\$ J&) J 10) a& {&&MM L MM L\$\$)& dd 10 L6\$\$
) 6 W & && \$) d W 10) a\$ M\$\$ MW M { _____
 d \$ &&MM {&) .
 \$) & M1
 (\$\$) d 6) d M1
 () d W
 () \$ \$ L

Part B - (2 X 5 = 10 Marks)
Answer ANY TWO Questions
Answer should not exceed 300 words

16. Draw and explain the structure of the atmosphere.
 dd 10 L6\$\$ & L 10 M M d J) d d&Q.
17. What is Coriolis force?
 & W 6 &&\$ d) d ?
18. What are the different types of humidity?
 JMM\$\$\$\$ M d d && W d?
19. Give the conditions favorable for the development of tropical cyclones.
 adMM 10 L6 \$) dd & d & & \$&10) 6& d d &.
20. Write a brief note on meteorology.
 d 6 M)) W & &&10 Q) M M d &.

PART C - (5 X 10=50 Marks)
Answer ALL the Questions
One question from each section
Answer should not exceed 1200 words

21. (a) Give a detailed account of the heat balance of the earth.
)10 W adMM &10) 6 Q) \$ d d ddJ & d d &.
 Or
 (b) Describe the factors affecting horizontal distribution of temperature.
 adMM) 6W & L10 L MJd 6 M \$ &Q & J & d d d .
22. (a) Explain the planetary wind system of the world.
 6& & J&&&) \$ 10 M1& d d d&Q.
 Or
 (b) Describe the major pressure belts.
 && W10 \$ \$\$ 10 L6 & dM M)) d d .

23. (a) Classify clouds and describe their characteristics.

$\lfloor \& \& d d \& M M \{ \$ \$ \$ d) \} M \lfloor \& d d d .$

Or

(b) Discuss the different types of rainfall with examples.

M d d &W \sqcup W d \{ \\$ \&\& \{ \& L dd .

24. (a) What are air masses? Elaborate.

&))) d) d ? d d & d d .

Or

(b) What are fronts? Elaborate.

& d) d ? d d & d d .

25. (a) What is the basis of Koppen's climatic classification? Explain.

& MM & 6) 6 d &MM J \$JMM L d ? d d & d d .

Or

(b) Write an essay on the tropical climate of Koppan.

& MM adMM0 L6 & 6) 6 W Q) \$ @ & { J d &.
